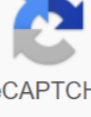


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Academia.edu no longer supports the Internet Explorer. To browse the Academia.edu and the wider Internet faster and more securely, please take a few seconds to update the browser. Academia.edu uses cookies to customize content, adapt ads, and improve the user interface. Using our website, you agree to our collection of information using cookies. To learn more, review our privacy policy. Whiskey is made from three main ingredients: grains (barley, wheat, corn or rye, for example), water and yeast. At the penultimate stage of the production process, enter the oak barrels responsible for most of the flavors and flavors found in the drink. We will describe in the following pages, attached, the production process of a single malt type whiskey, highlighting, where possible, the differences between them and other types of whiskey. As shown in the figure below, we can generalize the production of single malt whiskey in five stages (sixth and last stage - homogenization, filtering and bottling - is not included in the figure): Stages of production of single malt whiskey 1. Malt 2. Malted and Cooking 3. Fermentation 4. Distillation 5. Maturation 6. Homogenization, filtering and bottling Video below with Ian Williams and Jim Beveridge, as Johnny Walker, provides an excellent introduction to the whiskey production process. Note: Whisky redirects to this article. For other values, see whiskey (disambiguation). This page provides reliable sources, but which do not cover all the content. Help insert links. Unverified content can be removed. - Find sources: Google (news, books and academic) (June 2017) Scotch Whisky Ballantine's Whisky is a distilled alcoholic beverage made from grain, often including malt that soaks in barrels. The alcohol content in whisky ranges from the legal minimum of 40%, and although it does not have the maximum limit, the most common content is 63.5%. Whisky is a name commonly given to the drink in the UK (including Scotland), Canada and Japan, while the term used in the US and Ireland is whiskey. The peculiarity of whiskey is a strictly regulated drink, has origin designations and different classes and types. A common characteristic of these different classes and types is grain fermentation and maximum distillation of 80% alcohol for corn and 90% alcohol for other grains, before adding water to preserve the flavors of the grain used for alcoholization. Whisky acquires 60% of its taste depending on the type of barrel used in its aging, so most classifications are based on the type of wood used and the quality of bucking and burning wood. For Bourbon Whisky, for example, it is legal to require age in flaming oak barrels. Types of Whisky If there are no reliable or independent sources in the section. Help insert links. Unverified content can be removed. - Find Sources: Google (news, books and academic) (April 2011) Scotch Whisky See the main article: Pure Malt Scotch Whisky is produced with 100% malted cereal caught in a single distillation, and therefore can display different flavors depending on each process. Pure malt can be bottled in the form of single malt whiskey, i.e. distilled in just one distillery, or in the form of a vat, where several whiskeys from different distilleries are mixed. Among connoisseurs, it is common to the state that the single malt is a bean performance musician, while the entire orchestra plays together. Mixed is made with a mixture of different distillations calibrated in order to always achieve the same flavor for this whiskey, being much cheaper than the aforementioned. These whiskeys have a mixture of pure malt with distillations from other large grains such as corn and rice. Blends almost always determine the type of whiskey that underlies their production, such as mixed Scotch or mixed Canadian. There are four officially recognised types of whiskey in Scotland: the first is single malt, with historical records dating back to 1494. Exclusive barley distillate, this is the rarest and most expensive type of whiskey. There are 87 distilleries of this type across Scotland and each makes different products. Single malt should be taken carefully, without ice and in small cups. The second type of whiskey is vatted, a mixture of two or more barrels of single malt whiskey. Previously called pure malt, its name was changed to avoid confusing consumers. Vatted should be used in the same way as single malt. The third style is grain whiskey distilled from grain, mainly wheat, corn and rye. Industrial production, simpler and cheaper, was developed in 1853 by the ballif factory at the request of British customers. Grain can be taken in cups of any size, with or without ice. The fourth style is mixed, the most popular of whiskey. It is born from a mixture of grains and single malt whiskey and usually has about forty different whiskeys. The standard mixed has no indication of age, but the drink can only be called scotch if it ages for at least three years in a barrel. Today, more than 60% of the world's whiskey consumption has a standard look. Single malt and vat whiskey should be drunk clean, cold or not. A mixture like those that can be drunk clean, with water or ice, or mixed with other beverages such as soda, rye Coca-Cola or rye ginger ale. American Whisky View main article: American Whisky Various types of direct whiskey, aged in new oak barrels such as rye whiskey, Tennessee whiskey and Bourbon Whisky, are produced in the United States. Mixed bourbon made a mixture of different distillations calibrated in order to always achieve the same taste produced in the United States, Canada and Ireland. Light whiskey is a type of American whiskey, made almost entirely from neutral distillations, with a small amount (usually less than 5-10% of the total) direct whiskey and with added gnyra to give color and flavor. In the case of whiskey, the minimum ageing period in oak barrels is eight years. Once the bottle drink the aging process is interrupted. Previously, most of the whiskey produced in the United States of America was bottled in bonds under the provisions of the Congressional Act of 1898; This practice was largely abandoned, as one of the requirements of the law was that said whiskey would be produced with 50% alcohol by volume. So little strong whiskey is being produced in the United States, partly because consumer taste has changed, but also because such a high alcohol content is illegal in many countries that will limit the export of the product. Other types There is also rye whiskey of various fermented rye and common in the United States, Canada and Ireland. The pure pot is still whiskey produced in Ireland from a combination of malt and considerable barley. See also Commons has a category containing images and other files on Whisky Bourbon Whisky Canadian Scotch Whisky Notes and links to ASURONE, Eugynio, industrial biotechnology, vol.IV. Sao Paulo: Bucher, 2001. BLUE, Anthony Diaz (2004). The complete book of spirits: a guide to their history, production and enjoyment. New York: HarperCollins. 137. 181. 201. ISBN 9780060542184 Beverage Portal Obtained from voltavolta DOWNLOAD THE BOOK INTO AVAILABLE FORMAT (New Update) Download the full EBOOK PDF here -

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